# PREGABALINTEVA 25 mg, 50 mg, 75 mg, 100 mg, 150 mg, 200 mg, 225 mg AND 300 mg CAPSULES, HARD

### GE LEAFLET: INFORMATION FOR THE USER

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.

If you have any further questions, ask

- again.
  If you have any further questions, ask
  your doctor or pharmacist.
  This medicine has been prescribed for you
  only. Do not pass it on to others. It may
  harm them, even if their signs of illness
  are the same as yours.
  If you get any side effects, talk to your
  doctor or pharmacist. This includes any
  possible side effects not listed in this
  leaflet. See section 4.

### WHAT IS IN THIS LEAFLET

- 1. What Pregabalin Teva is and what it is
- used for
  2. What you need to know before you take
  Pregabalin Teva
  3. How to take Pregabalin Teva
  4. Possible side effects
  5. How to store Pregabalin Teva
  6. Contents of the pack and other information

## WHAT PREGABALIN TEVA IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

Pregabalin Teva belongs to a group of medicines used to treat epilepsy, neuropathic pain and Generalised Anxiety Disorder (GAD) in adults.

neuropathic pain and Generalised Anxiety
Disorder (GAD) in adults.

Peripheral and central neuropathic pain:
Pregabalin Teva is used to treat long lasting
pain caused by damage to the nerves. A
variety of diseases can cause peripheral
neuropathic pain, such as diabetes or shingles.
Pain sensations may be described as hot,
burning, throbbing, shooting, stabbing,
sharp, cramping, aching, tingling,
numbness, pins and needles. Peripheral and
central neuropathic pain may also be
associated with mood changes, sleep
disturbance, fatigue (tiredness), and can
have an impact on physical and social
functioning and overall quality of life.
Epilepsy: Pregabalin Teva is used to treat a
certain form of epilepsy (partial seizures with
or without secondary generalisation) in
adults. Your doctor will prescribe Pregabalin
Teva for you to help treat your epilepsy when
your current treatment is not controlling your
condition. You should take Pregabalin Teva in
addition to your current treatment. Pregabalin
Teva is not intended to be used alone, but
should always be used in combination with
other anti-epilleptic treatment.

Generalised Anxiety Disorder: Pregabalin
Teva is used to treat Generalised Anxiety

other anti-epileptic treatment.

Generalised Anxiety Disorder: Pregabalin
Teva is used to treat Generalised Anxiety
Disorder (GAD). The symptoms of GAD are
prolonged excessive anxiety and worry that
are difficult to control. GAD can also cause
restlessness or feeling keyed up or on edge,
being easily fatigued (tired), having difficulty
concentrating or mind going blank, feeling
irritable, having muscle tension or sleep
disturbance. This is different to the stresses
and strains of everyday life.



## WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE YOU TAKE PREGABALIN TEVA

Do NOT take Pregabalin Teva:

• if you are allergic to pregabalin or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).

(listed in section 6).

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking PregabalinTeva.

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  Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before aking Pregabalin Teva.

  Some patients taking pregabalin have reported symptoms suggesting an allergic reaction. These symptoms include swelling of the face, lips, tongue and throat, as well as diffuse skin rash. Should you experience any of these reactions, you should contact your doctor immediately. Pregabalin has been associated with dizziness and somnolence, which could increase the occurrence of accidental injury (fall) in elderly patients. Therefore, you should be careful until you are used to any effect the medicine might have. Pregabalin may cause blurring or loss of vision, or other changes in eyesight, many of which are temporary. You should immediately tell your doctor if you experience any changes in your vision. Some patients with diabetes who gain weight while taking pregabalin may need an alteration in their diabetic medicines. Certain side effects may be more common, such as sleepiness, because patients with spinal cord injury may be taking other medicines to treat, for example, pain or spasticity, that have similar side effects to pregabalin and the severity of these effects may be increased when taken together. There have been reports of heart failure in some patients when taking pregabalin; these patients were mostly elderly with cardiovascular conditions. Before taking this medicine you should tell your doctor if you have a history of heart disease. There have been reports of kidney failure in some patients when taking pregabalin; these patients were mostly elderly with cardiovascular conditions. Before taking this medicine you should tell your doctor as stopping the medicine may improve this.

  A small number of people being treated with anti-epileptics such as pregabalin have had thoughts of harming or killing themselves. If at any time you have these thoughts, immediately contact your doctor when Pregabalin Teva you notice decreased urination, you should tell your doctor if you experience constipation, especially if you are

- dependence. Do not take more medicine than prescribed. There have been reports of convulsions
- There have been reports of convulsions when taking pregabalin or shortly after stopping pregabalin. If you experience a convulsion, contact your doctor immediately.

  There have been reports of reduction in brain function (encephalopathy) in some patients taking pregabalin when they have other conditions. Tell your doctor if you have a history of any serious medical conditions, including liver or kidney disease.

Children and adolescents
The safety and efficacy in children and adolescents (under 18 years of age) has not been established and therefore, Pregabalin Teva should not be used in this age group.

Other medicines and Pregabalin Teva Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

any other medicines.
Pregabalin Teva and certain other medicines may influence each other (interaction). When taken with certain other medicines, Pregabalin Teva may potentiate the side effects seen with these medicines, including respiratory failure and coma. The degree of dizziness, sleepiness and decreased concentration may be increased if Pregabalin Teva is taken together with medicines containing:

Oxycodone – (used as a pain-killer)

Lorazepam – (used for treating anxiety)

Alcohol

Pregabalin Teva may be taken with oral contraceptives.

Pregabalin Teva with food, drink and alcohol

PregabalinTeva may be taken with or without food. It is advised NOT to drink alcohol while taking PregabalinTeva.

It is advised NOT to drink alcohol while taking Pregabalin Teva.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding
Pregabalin Teva should NOT be taken during pregnancy or when breast-feeding, unless you are told otherwise by your doctor.

Effective contraception must be used by women of child-bearing potential. If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Driving and using machines

Pregabalin Teva may cause dizziness, sleepiness and decreased concentration. You should NOT drive, operate complex machinery or engage in other potentially hazardous activities until you know whether this medicine affects your ability to perform these activities.

### 3 HOW TO TAKE PREGABALIN TEVA

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. Your doctor will determine what dose is appropriate for you.

Pregabalin Teva is for oral use only.

- Pregabalin Teva is for oral use only.
  Peripheral and central neuropathic pain,
  epilepsy or Generalised Anxiety Disorder:

  Take the number of capsules as instructed
  by your doctor.

  The dose, which has been adjusted for
  you and your condition, will generally be
  between 150 mg and 600 mg each day.
  Your doctor will tell you to take Pregabalin
  Teva either twice or three times a day. For
  twice a day take Pregabalin Teva once in
  the morning and once in the evening, at
  about the same time each day. For three
  times a day take Pregabalin Teva once in
  the morning, once in the afternoon and
  once in the evening, at about the same
  time each day.

fire each day. If you have the impression that the effect of Pregabalin Teva is too strong or too weak, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

If you are an elderly patient (over 65 years of age), you should take Pregabalin Teva normally except if you have problems with your kidneys.

Your doctor may prescribe a different dosing schedule and/or dose if you have problems with your kidneys.

Swallow the capsule whole with water.

Swallow the capsule whole with water. Continue taking Pregabalin Teva until your doctor tells you to stop.

If you take more Pregabalin Teva than you should
Call your doctor or go to the nearest hospital emergency unit immediately. Take your pack of Pregabalin Teva capsules with you. You may feel sleepy, confused, agitated, or restless as a result of taking more Pregabalin Teva than you should. Fits have also been reported.

If you forget to take Pregabalin Teva

If you forget to take Pregabalin Teva lit is important to take your Pregabalin Teva lit is important to take your Pregabalin Teva capsules regularly at the same time each day. If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember unless it is time for your next dose. In that case, just carry on with the next dose as normal. Do NOT take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose. If you stop taking Pregabalin Teva Do NOT stop taking Pregabalin Teva unless your doctor tells you to. If your treatment is stopped it should be done gradually over a minimum of 1 week.

minimum of 1 week.

After stopping long and short-term

Pregabalin Teva treatment, you need to know
that you may experience certain side effects.

These include, trouble sleeping, headache,
nausea, feeling anxious, diarrhoea, flu-like
symptoms, convulsions, nervousness,
depression, pain, sweating and dizziness.

These symptoms may occur more
commonly or severely if you have been taking
Pregabalin Teva for a longer period of time.

If you have any further questions on the use If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.



### POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets

Very common: may affect more than 1 in 10 people

Dizziness
Drowsiness
Headache.

- Drowsiness
  Headache.
  Common: may affect up to 1 in 10 people
  Increased appetite
  Feeling of elation, confusion, disorientation, decrease in sexual interest, irritability
  Disturbance in attention, clumsiness, memory impairment, loss of memory, tremor, difficulty with speaking, tingling feeling, numbness, sedation, lethargy, insomnia, fatigue, feeling abnormal
  Blurred vision, double vision
  Vertigo, problems with balance, fall
  Dry mouth, constipation, vomiting, flatulence, diarrhoea, nausea, swollen abdomen
  Difficulties with erection
  Swelling of the body including extremities
  Feeling drunk, abnormal style of walking
  Weight gain
  Muscle cramp, joint pain, back pain, pain in limb
  Sore throat.
  Uncommon: may affect up to 1 in 100 people

- in limb
  Sore throat.
  Uncommon: may affect up to 1 in 100 people
  Loss of appetite, weight loss, low blood sugar, high blood sugar
  Change in perception of self, restlessness, depression, agitation, mood swings, difficulty finding words, hallucinations, abnormal dreams, panic attacks, apathy, aggression, elevated mood, mental impairment, difficulty with thinking, increase in sexual cluding inability to achieve a sexual climax, delayed ejaculation
  Changes in eyesight, unusual eye movement, changes in vision including tunnel vision, flashes of light, jerky movements, reduced reflexes, increased activity, dizziness on standing, sensitive skin, loss of taste, burning sensation, tremor on movement, decreased consciousness, loss of consciousness, fainting, increased sensitivity to noise, feeling unwell
  Dry eyes, eye swelling, eye pain, weak eyes, watery eyes, eye irritation
  Heart rhythm disturbances, increased heart rate, low blood pressure, high blood pressure, changes in heart beat, heart failure
  Flushing, hot flushes
  Difficulty breathing, dry nose, nasal congestion increased saliva production, heartburn, numb around mouth
  Sweating, rash, chills, fever

- numb around mouth
  Sweating, rash, chills, fever
  Muscle twitching, joint swelling, muscle
  stiffness, pain including muscle pain, neck

- stiffness, pain including muscle pain, neck pain
  pain
  Breast pain
  Difficulty with or painful urination,
  incontinence
  Weakness, thirst, chest tightness
  Changes in blood and liver test results
  (blood creatinine phosphokinase
  increased, alanine amino transferase
  increased, aspartate aminotransferase
  increased, platelet count decreased,
  neutropenia, increase in blood creatinine,
  decrease in blood potassium)
  Hypersensitivity, swollen face, itchiness,
  hives, runny nose, nose bleed, cough,
  snoring
  Painful menstrual periods
  Coldness of hands and feet.
  lare: may affect up to 1 in 1000 people

- Painful menstrual periods
  Coldness of hands and feet.

  Rare: may affect up to 1 in 1000 people
  Abnormal sense of smell, swinging vision, altered perception of depth, visual brightness, vision loss
  Dilated pupils, cross eyes
  Cold sweat, tightness of the throat, swollen tongue
  Inflammation of the pancreas
  Difficulty in swallowing
  Slow or reduced movement of the body
  Difficulty with writing properly
  Increased fluid in the abdomen
  Fluid in the lungs
  Convulsions
  Changes in the recording of electrical changes (ECG) in the heart which correspond to heart rhythm disturbances
  Muscle damage
  Breast discharge, abnormal breast growth, breast growth in males
  Interrupted menstrual periods
  Kidney failure, reduced urine volume, urinary retention
  Decrease in white blood cell count
  Inappropriate behaviour
  Allergic reactions (which may include difficulty breathing, inflammation of the eyes (keratitis) and a serious skin reaction characterised by rash, blisters, peeling skin and pain)
  Jaundice (yellowing of the skin and eyes) skin and pain)
  Jaundice (yellowing of the skin and eyes)

# Very rare: may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people Liver failure Hepatitis (inflammation of the liver)

If you experience swollen face or tongue or if your skin turns red and starts to blister or peel you should seek immediate medical advice.

advice.
Certain side effects may be more common, such as sleepiness, because patients with spinal cord injury may be taking other medicines to treat, for example, pain or spasticity, that have similar side effects to pregabalin and the severity of these effects may be increased when taken together. If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.

possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. Reporting of side effects
If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme Website at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store.
By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

### HOWTO STORE PREGABALINTEVA

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the blister, carton or bottle. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicine does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

# 6 CONTENTS OF THE PACK AND OTHER INFORMATION

- OTHER INFORMATION

  What Pregabalin Teva contains

  The active substance is pregabalin.

  Each 25 mg capsule, hard contains 25 mg pregabalin.

  Each 50 mg capsule, hard contains 50 mg pregabalin.

  Each 75 mg capsule, hard contains 75 mg pregabalin.

  Each 100 mg capsule, hard contains 100 mg pregabalin.

  Each 150 mg capsule, hard contains 150 mg pregabalin.

  Each 200 mg capsule, hard contains 200 mg pregabalin.

  Each 225 mg capsule, hard contains 225 mg pregabalin.

  Each 300 mg capsule, hard contains 300 mg pregabalin.

  Each 300 mg capsule, hard contains 300 mg pregabalin.

  The other ingredients are: mannitol.

pregabalin. The other ingredients are: mannitol

Pregabalin.

Each 300 mg capsule, hard contains 300 mg pregabalin.

The other ingredients are: mannitol, pregelatinised maize starch, talc, titanium dioxide (E171), yellow iron oxide (E172) (25, 50, 75, 150, 225 and 300 mg capsules), red iron oxide (E172) (75, 100, 200, 225 and 300 mg capsules), gelatin and black ink (which contains shellac, propylene glycol, black iron oxide (E172) and potassium hydroxide). What Pregabalin Teva looks like and contents of the pack
Pregabalin Teva 25 mg are ivory opaque hard gelatine size 3 capsules with overall closed length 15.9 mm ± 0.3 mm, imprinted by black sign 25 on capsule body.
Pregabalin Teva 50 mg are ivory opaque hard gelatine size 2 capsules with overall closed length 18.0 mm ± 0.3 mm, imprinted by radial black band on capsule cap and black sign 50 and radial black band on capsule body.
Pregabalin Teva 50 mg are opaque hard gelatine size 3 capsules with overall closed length 18.0 mm ± 0.3 mm, imprinted by radial black band on capsule body.
Pregabalin Teva 50 mg are ivory opaque hard gelatine size 3 capsules with overall closed length 15.9 mm ± 0.3 mm, with pink cap and ivory body imprinted by black sign 75.
Pregabalin Teva 100 mg are pink opaque hard gelatine size 2 capsules with overall closed length 18.0 mm ± 0.3 mm, imprinted by black sign 150 on capsule body.
Pregabalin Teva 150 mg are ivory opaque hard gelatine size 2 capsules with overall closed length 18.0 mm ± 0.3 mm, imprinted by black sign 150 on capsule body.
Pregabalin Teva 200 mg are flesh opaque hard gelatine size 1 capsules with overall closed length 19.4 mm ± 0.3 mm, imprinted by black sign 150 on capsule body.
Pregabalin Teva 200 mg are opaque hard gelatine size 1 capsules with overall closed length 19.4 mm ± 0.3 mm, with plak cap and ivory body imprinted by black sign 225.
Pregabalin Teva 300 mg are opaque hard gelatine size 1 capsules with overall closed length 19.4 mm ± 0.3 mm, with plak cap and ivory body imprinted by black sign 225.
Pregabalin Teva 300 mg are opaque hard gelatine size 0 capsul

ivory body imprinted by black sign 300. For 25 mg capsules: Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in PVC-Alu or unit dose blisters of 14, 14x1, 21, 21x1, 50x1, 56, 56x1, 60, 84, 84x1, 90, 100, 100x1 or 120 capsules. For 50 mg capsules: Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in PVC-Alu or unit dose blisters of 14, 21, 21x1, 56, 56x1, 60, 84, 84x1, 100, 100x1 or 120 capsules.

capsules.

For 75 mg capsules:

Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in

PVC-Alu or unit dose blisters of 14, 14x1,

50x1, 56, 56x1, 60, 70, 90, 100, 100x1 or 120

capsules.

capsules. Additionally, PregabalinTeva capsules are packed in HDPE bottles with PP closure containing 200 capsules.

For 100 mg capsules:
Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in
PVC-Alu blisters or unit dose blisters of 121, 21x1, 56, 56x1, 84, 84x1, 100, 100x1 or
120 capsules.

120 capsules.

For 150 mg capsules:
Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in
PVC-Alu or unit dose blisters of 14, 14x1,
50x1, 56, 56x1, 60, 90, 100, 100x1, 120, 168,
168x1 or 200x1 capsules.
Additionally, Pregabalin Teva capsules are
packed in HDPE bottles with PP closure
containing 200 capsules.
For 200 mg capsules:
Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in
PVC-Alu blisters or unit dose blisters of 14,
21, 21x1, 84, 84x1, 100, 100x1 or 120 capsules.
For 225 mg capsules:

21, 21x1, 84, 84x1, 100, 100x1 or 120 capsules. For 225 mg capsules: Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in PVC-Alu blisters or unit dose blisters of 14, 14x1, 56, 56x1, 60, 100, 100x1 or 120 capsules. Additionally, Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in HDPE bottles with PP closure containing 200 capsules.

containing 200 capsules.

For 300 mg capsules:

Pregabalin Teva capsules are packed in

PVC-Alu or unit dose blisters of 14, 14x1,

50x1, 56, 56x1, 60, 84, 84x1, 90, 100, 100x1,

120, 168, 168x1 or 200x1 capsules.

Additionally, Pregabalin Teva capsules are

packed in HDPE bottles with PP closure

containing 200 capsules.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

TEVA UK Limited, Eastbourne, BN22 9AG, UK

Manufacturer

Manufacturer PLIVA Hrvatska d.o.o. (PLIVA Croatia Ltd.), Prilaz baruna Filipovica 25, Zagreb 10000, Croatia

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